



His initial idea was that a single-seater racing car show be produced for everyman and so he came up with a one-make formula involving a relatively simple racer. This was for a cheap learning-curve series with the cars design by Giovanni Savonuzzi utilising Fiat components; an 110 engine and a light and strong tubular framework. The first appeared in 1946 and was type-numbered D46, for Dusie 1946. It debuted at the Valentino Park voiturette GP

GISITALIA 2

Dusio persuaded some Swiss backers to finance the building of replicas and a 16-car travelling circus was inaugurated at a race in Cairo. Cairo? There was no recorthen or now, of racing in Egypt and the whole series falte before it had started. But the cars were £1,000 each and a number of customers were found. Ascari, Bonetto, Taruffi Schell all used one, with Taruffi becoming champion of I

Encouraged, Dusio became bolder and adapted the fra of the D46 for a road car, which he called the 202. The 76 car had transverse leaf-spring front suspension and a live axle on semi-elliptics. Carlo Abarth had a hand in the tur of the Fiat 1100 unit, pushing its power up from 32 to 60

For the Mille Miglia in 1947, Tazio Nuvolari was supp with a scantily-clad spider 202 and he put up a performan that has become a legend of motor racing. With only this l car he took on the factory-entered 2.9 closed Alfa Romeo Clemente Biondetti and, in appalling weather, led the race Tazio was very ill by this stage of his life and it is said that kept his face in the air stream to gulp fresh air into his exhaust-furne-affected lungs. Over the twisty bits, the Mantuan held on to his position but the second half of th race used some autostradas. Power told and Biondetti clos in. At Bologna, the gap was nine minutes. Nuvolari was no ill he dared not get out of the car for fear of collapsing, an the weather was torrential icy rain. The little car succumb water in the electrics, forcing a delay to dry it out. Bionder won but stated at the prize-giving that Tazio was the real although he was only second. Cisitalia took the glory and then on the open 202 aero-screened spider versions, with



remember it well. Inventions that d Scrabble, McDonalds and Israel. on was in, and car-makers had w technology to play with, so the pes of these two Cisitalias might be Some manufacturers of the period e-valve engines, cycle wings, and eadlights. From an era when ease nce was part of the designer's brief, makes a practical - if exceedingly ic; rare enough to be very special at ts yet not too expensive to run. move, their venerable ages sneak ation. Ironically, the faster we make more we are restricted. In their

Cisitalias Chisitalia) pty roads. Cisitalias enjoyed g and braking were empty roads. only did at each Accelerating and irney. car is the older of braking were things a 202 Cabriolet ordered new in

he chrome 1100 Flat engine is nearer 1200 at s light alloy cylinder head was quite r the post-War period, and power is ohp at 5,500rpm - enough for almost ith its steel floorpan and pretty Pinin body, the Cabriolet's all-up weight is This all sounds rather good until you with a Jaguar XK120 of the period half as much, was a great deal faster erior car in most respects.

concours d'elegance

et lid tips open to the left or right -The fuel tank is located on the front nd there is no bootlid, just a spare ing. This makes for very difficult e boot compartment via the interior. hen the hood is folded down. are beautiful, as is the lovely interior per knobs and amber key fob. The feels rigid and gives a comfy if firm position is okay, with the steering close. Gearbox synchromesh is only and 4th, necessitating a bit of some double-declutching. More

footwork is required for toe-heeling

motor running at low rpm when cold.

The steering is low-geared to avoid being too heavy at parking speeds. The sitting position is legs splayed and pedal action is typically primitive of the period. For a 1948 car, handling and roadholding are very good, helped no doubt by the Michelin XZX rubber. It cruises well at a gentle pace, especially with the top down in the Italian sun. Wonderful, but you need some period Raybans to match the 1940s kit.

The red car, the 202DF from 1952, weighs a little more at 900kg but with a 160bhp, 2.8-litre, four-cylinder motor is easier to drive not because of the extra top end power that can take it to an optimistically claimed 134mph (216km/h) - but because of the torque. It also

has some very early Weber "In their heyday the DCOE carbs and is one of only four or five built. The structure consists of a steel tube spaceframe and steel monocoque. Its two-seater alloy coachwork has plenty of boot capacity and looks you only did at each beautiful in dark red with its end of a journey." big alloy fuel cap and blue interior: although the sitting

> position has the pedals too close. The independent rear suspension with inboard rear brakes was quite a feature for half a century ago. The front suspension has a transverse leaf spring making up the top wishbones and is shod with 165/400 Pirelli Cinturatos. Rear suspension is de Dion with leaf springs. Steering is very low-geared to lighten the load, and the drum brakes eventually stop the car in a surprisingly straight line.

The Cisitalia 202s were advanced and ambitious cars for Italy's struggling post-War period, when utilitarianism was a high priority. RG

small fins on the tail, became known as the Nuvolari Spider. The road-going 202 was clothed in a beautiful, contemporary coupe body by Pinin Farina, hence its inclusion in the New York exhibition. And we were able to try one.

Our featured coupes include one of 153 202s built, of which about 100 were closed cars and would norm fitted with the Abarth breathed-upon Fiat 1100 cm other is even scarcer: lift the bonnet of this car an extremely unusual unit is revealed. Chassis 188 has a marine engine by BPM that develops 160bhp at 5,300rpm, . Only five of these versions, designated 202DF was built. The first nau these versions are 1052 0 mm to and incorporated a endowing it with considerable extra p Lurcia Aurelia de Dion four-speed gearbox with model rear suspension.

Performance versions on the 202 coupe were designed by Savonuzzi and featured advanced aerodynamics at the rear. The first car, though, a six where 202, is an example of Pinin Farina nced aerodynamics at the rear. The styling that kick-started a whole generation. This is the car that brought the world the term GT, and the car shape that was soon to lead Pinin Farina to design the Lancia Aurelia GT. Hence it gave birth to virtually every other coupe thereafter.

For our third car we had to travel to Bassano town, where Luigi Bonfanti kindly enabled us to experience a 202 cabriolet. It is reckoned that about 34 of these open cars were made and although designed

> by Pinin Farina they were contracted out to Vignale and Farina for construction. Others were built by Castagna and Frua. The exquisite

> detailing of our cabriolet





would have allowed the original owner to display the car to full effect at events such as the Villa d'Este concours. The production period for the 202 was 1948 to 1952 and little was done to change the cars during this time except updating. The white car is an early example: chassis 089SC (Sport Competizione specification) with motor 211. Later cars received a one-piece windscreen, a less-complex grille and chromium bumpers.

So, little was done to change the lines of the 202 during its lifetime - nothing was really required - but huge problems had beset Dusio. He had an idea to build the most advanced Grand Prix car ever and, to help him, spent a large part of his fortune persuading the post-War Allies to let Dr Porsche out

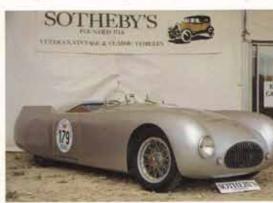




of custody in France. Porsche was needed because the car to have complex suspension, supercharging, and four-whe drive. It proved to be a disaster, consuming Dusio's capita and forcing him to Argentina, where he started Autoar and actually got one GP car to run.

Meanwhile, back in Italy a Cisitalia sportscar, similar to the 202 but not as pretty, was introduced. This was the 30 DE but the line was failing and only half-hearted attempt were made to keep it going. By 1961-65 the company nan was attached to a Fiat 600-based coupe with 750/850 cc engines, but that was a dying breath.

Although the name faded away into general obscurity nothing will ever be able to take away from Cisitalia the fa that it provided the conception and birth of Italy's laim t



ABOVE: A 202 Nuvolari complete with rear fins. BELOW: This coupe was spotted for sale in a showroom near Lake Como. Note the delicate door handles



